# JOINT FINAL CONFERENCE

**Energy Performance Certification & Certificates: what's missing?** 



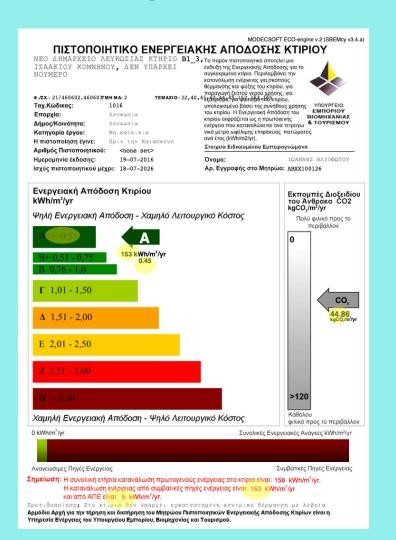
## **INTELLIGIBLE INDICATORS?**







#### No intelligible information to the user about the expected energy consumption





- X Electricity consumption in kWh?
- X Gaz consumption in kg or kWh?
- √ Primary energy
- √ kg CO2eq
- ✓ Monthly consumption for lighting
- √ kWh renewable energy
- √ kWh non renewable energy
- √ Energy class
- √ Energy class ratio



## From the EPC to the bills

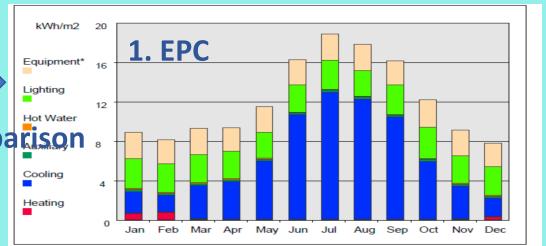






#### 1-3 days EPC expert work to compare EPC expected with real energy consumption







# Consider passive techniques?







## **Cyprus E-DYCE Case Study**

- Night and day ventilative cooling.
- Thermal mass for night ventilation
- **Natural lighting optimization**
- **Maximization of free running hours**
- **Ceiling fans**
- **Cross ventilation (wind)**
- **Interior solar shading for winter**
- **Smart control (predictive)**







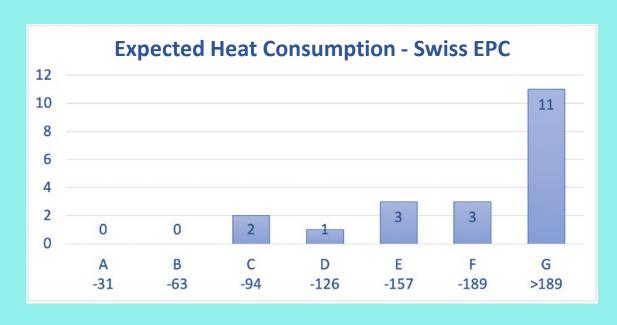
## **EPC CREDIBILITY?**

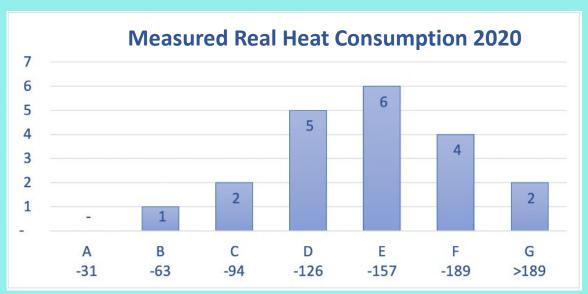






Correspondence between expected and real energy consumption of existing buildings.





20 existing non renovated buildings in Geneva from E-DYCE case study



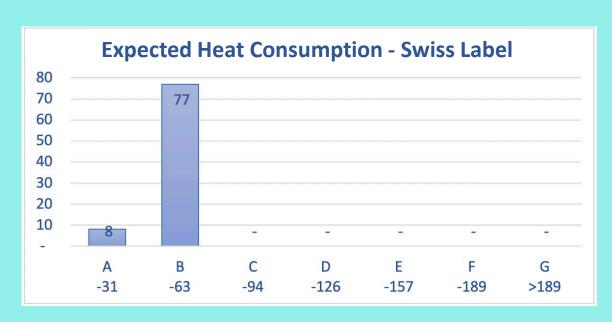
## **EPC or Nzeb CREDIBILITY?**

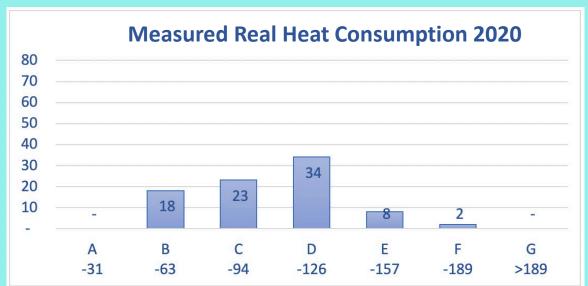






# Correspondence between expected and real energy consumption of near zero energy buildings





85 renovated labelled buildings in Geneva



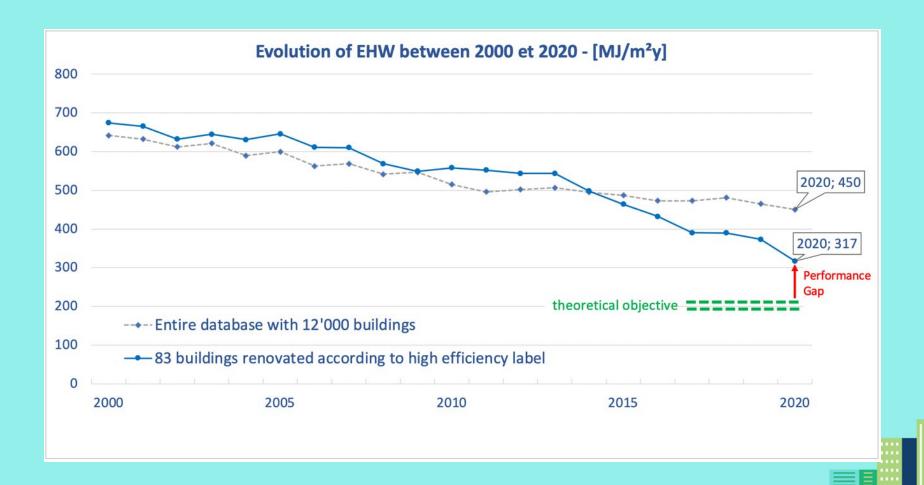
# Performance gap after Renovation







### Performance Gap → Policy Gap → Policy Failure



# Definition and quantification of the GAP



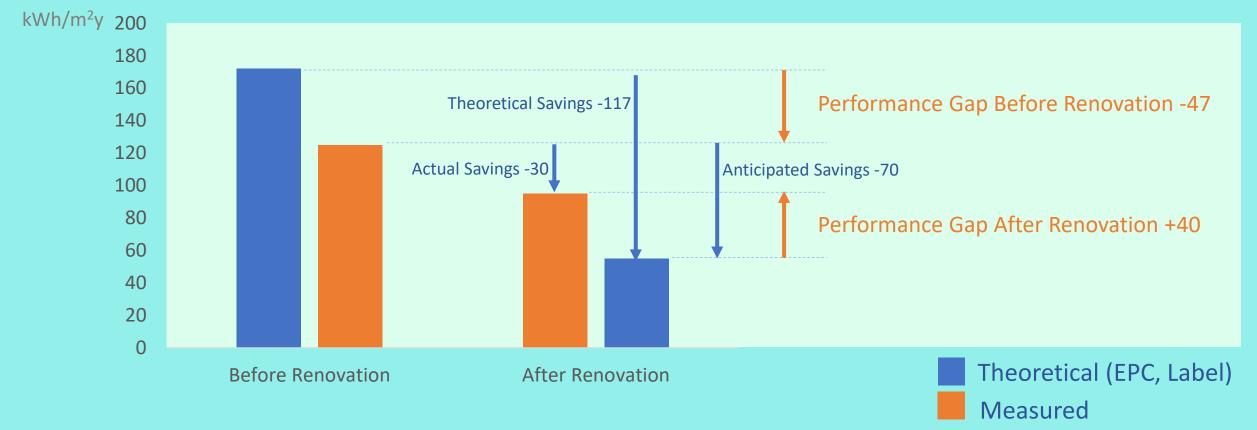




## Performance Gap → High Expectations → Wrong Targets → Wrong Policy

(Renovation Cost 1350 €/m²)





## **MONITOR PUBLIC POLICIES**

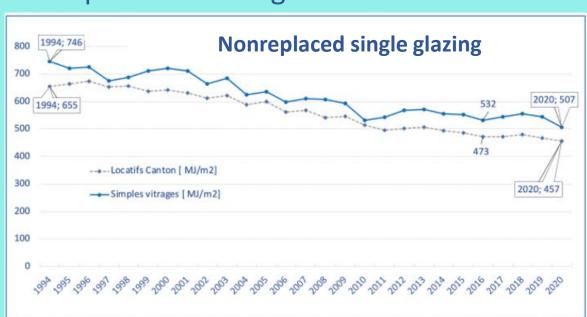






#### Monitor on real arguments or fantastic calculations?

Example: Monitoring of the Law Art. 56 A – LCI 5 05 – obligation to replace single glazings





Good example of validated policy success in Geneva.



## **MONITOR PUBLIC POLICIES**

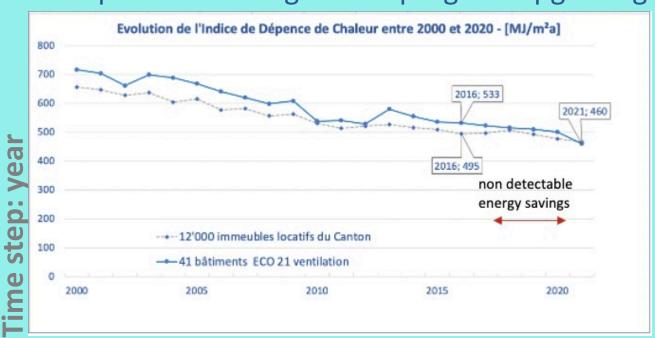


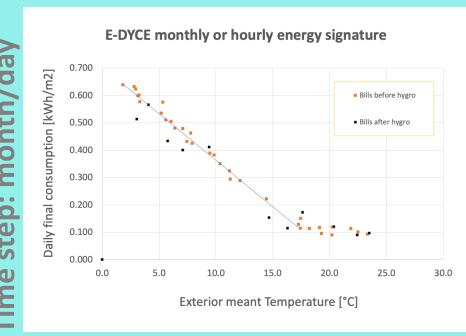




## Too long to measure the real effect of public subsidized programs

Example: Monitoring ECO21 program upgrading to demand control ventilation.





Not yet clear if there is performance gap after 4 years of public subsidies

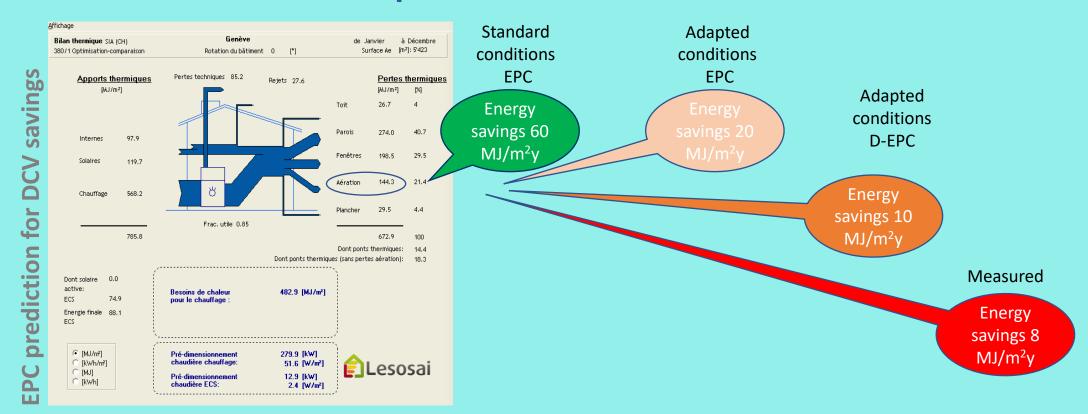
## **CALCULATE CREDIBLE SAVINGS?**







All energy savings are calculated with a monthly energy balance and standard conditions of operation.



Even static EPC gives a better prediction with adapted conditions.

# What is missing from current EPCs







#### **Public energy authorities**

- Credible predictions of expected energy consumption and energy savings.
- Measure the real effect of public actions and policies.
- Measure it as early as possible.
- Action levers to promote operational optimization.
- Knowledge of the current performance of the national / regional / local building stock.
- Clear realistic indicators and reference values to determine objectives in regulations.

#### **EPC** experts and building owners

- Credible predictions of expected energy consumption and energy savings.
- Intelligible indicators in the EPC to compare expected with real energy performance.
- Low cost and low effort metering.
- Intelligible feedback from the building operation and energy consumption / production.
- Tools to visualize, aggregate, disaggregate, compare,
  building energy consumption.
- Early feedback of problematic operation.